

**Priscian, *Institutiones Grammaticae*,
XIII.6–9 (s.XI²)**

**inc. Possunt vel numeri ut tullii ager agri
agro agrum**

expl. ut virgil in II aeneid hoc erat alma

**With marginal and interlinear notes in a
hand similar to and contemporary with that
in the text. It may be the same hand.**

**Parchment, 172 x 120 mm (160 x 95
mm), 37 lines; ruling with a hard point,
lines 4 mm apart**

***Script* A neat upright late caroline or early
gothic minuscule, with long and short *s*,
caroline single compartment *a* with a tall
straight back, forked ascenders, rounded
tops to the letters, single bowled *g*, 7-form
of *et*, dotted and curly-tailed *y*, straight and
round *d*, serifs on the shafts of the small
letters**

Abbreviations Standard and extensive: 9 for *us*; ÷ for *id est*; ꝑ for *pro*; ꝑ for *per*. Abbreviation stroke is a straight line. 9 for *con.*, ƿ for *tur*, œ for *orum*, q̄m for *quomodo*, q̄ for *qui* etc.

Punctuation Punctus elevatus for the main pause; punctus elevatus formed with tick and point for the medial pause

Provenance Written in England or on the Continent in a centre with insular connections; later history unknown until dated by Wanley

Bibliography Howarth, pp. 331–2 (Pepys to Wanley, 20 May 1701) could well be a reference to this; Margaret Gibson, Priscian ‘Institutiones grammaticae’: a handlist of manuscripts’ *Scriptorium* 26 (1972), pp. 105–24 at p. 108; ed. M. Hertz, *Prisciani institutiones grammaticae* in H. Keil (ed.), *Grammatici Latini* III (Hildesheim, 1961), pp. 4–5